

1 Solve the following equations using the quadratic formula.

Give your answers exactly, leaving them in surd form where necessary.

a  $x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0$

b  $x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$

c  $x^2 + 6x + 6 = 0$

d  $x^2 - 5x - 2 = 0$

e  $3x^2 + 10x - 2 = 0$

f  $4x^2 - 4x - 1 = 0$

g  $4x^2 - 7x = 2$

h  $11x^2 + 2x - 7 = 0$

2 Solve the following equations using the quadratic formula.

Give your answers to three **significant figures**.

a  $x^2 + 4x + 2 = 0$

b  $x^2 - 8x + 1 = 0$

c  $x^2 + 11x - 9 = 0$

d  $x^2 - 7x - 17 = 0$

e  $5x^2 + 9x - 1 = 0$

f  $2x^2 - 3x - 18 = 0$

g  $3x^2 + 8 = 16x$

h  $2x^2 + 11x = 5x^2 - 18$

3 For each of the equations below, choose a suitable method and find all of the solutions.

Where necessary, give your answers to three significant figures.

a  $x^2 + 8x + 12 = 0$

b  $x^2 + 9x - 11 = 0$

c  $x^2 - 9x - 1 = 0$

d  $2x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$

e  $(2x + 8)^2 = 100$

f  $6x^2 + 6 = 12x$

g  $2x^2 - 11 = 7x$

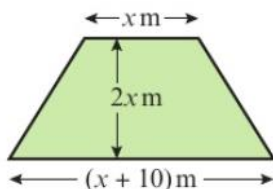
h  $x = \sqrt{8x - 15}$

**Hint**

You can use any method you are confident with to solve these equations.

**P** 4 This trapezium has an area of  $50 \text{ m}^2$ .

Show that the height of the trapezium is equal to  $5(\sqrt{5} - 1) \text{ m}$ .



**Problem-solving**

Height must be positive. You will have to **discard** the negative solution of your quadratic equation.

**Challenge**

Given that  $x$  is positive, solve the equation

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{28}{195}$$

**Hint**

Write the equation in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  before using the quadratic formula or factorising.